

## Non-hydrostatic modelling of extreme water levels on Banneg island, France

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Bernard Fichaut, Ronan Autret, Jean-François Filipot

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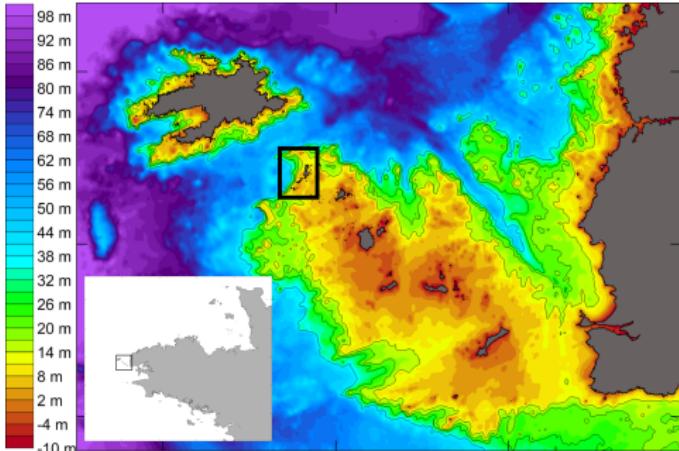
Why are we interested in extreme water levels ?



Giant waves at Porthleven, UK, on February 5 2014 (Hercule storm)

MIKE SPENCER

# Banneg island : an adequate “laboratory”



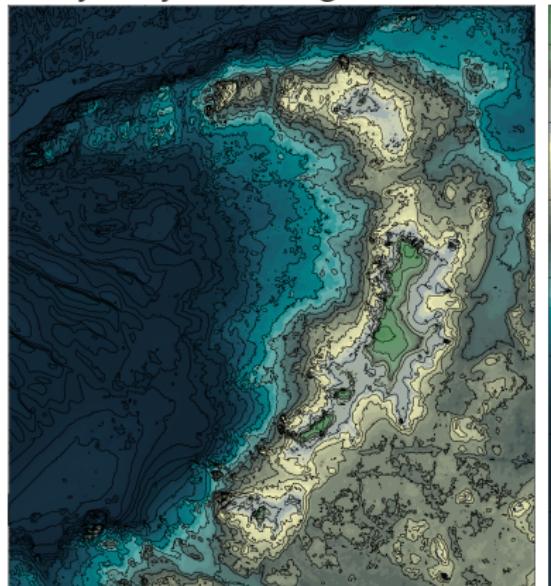
Bathymetry of Molene Archipelago



Anthony Penel



Bathymetry of Banneg island



Geomorphological evidences of the extreme hydrodynamic activity occurring on Banneg island (Suanez et al., 2009 ; Fichaut and Suanez, 2011)

Can you spot the differences between the two pictures ?



Banneg on April 2008

Bernard Fichaut



Banneg on April 2014

Bernard Fichaut

April 2008



April 2014



Displaced blocks between 2008/04 - 2014/04 (mostly during 2013/14 winter)



# Presentation outline

## 1 Hydrodynamic measurements

- Instruments deployment
- Wave heights in February 2014
- Water levels on February 5 2014

## 2 SWASH modelling

- Model description and implementation
- Model validation against observations

## 3 Model results

- Extreme water levels on February 5 2014
- Propagation of infragravity waves

## 4 Conclusion & Perspectives

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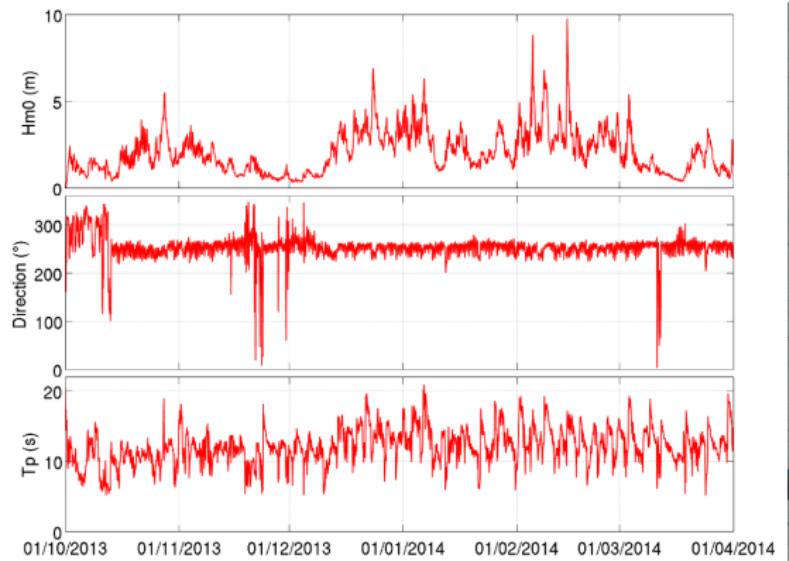
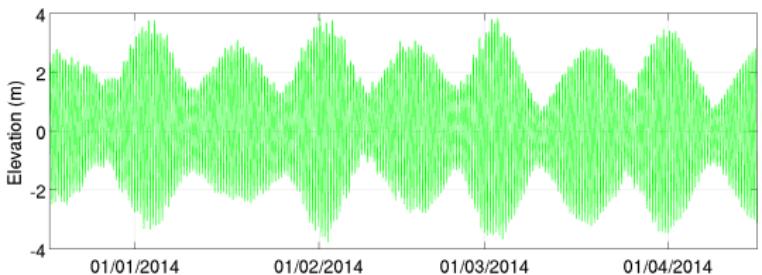
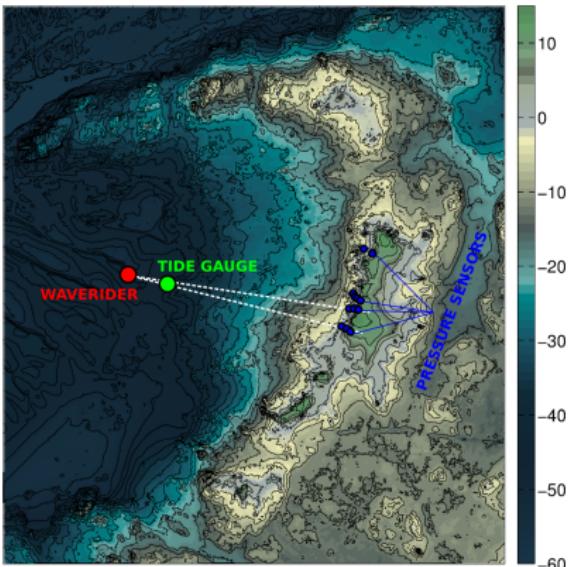
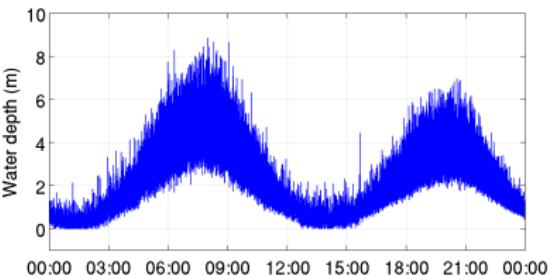
## 2 SWASH modelling

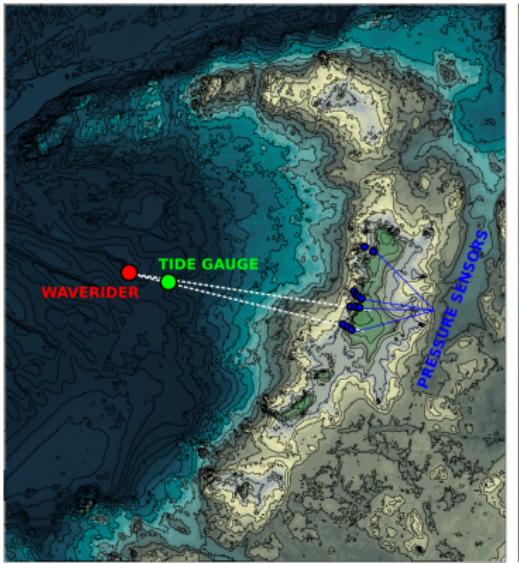
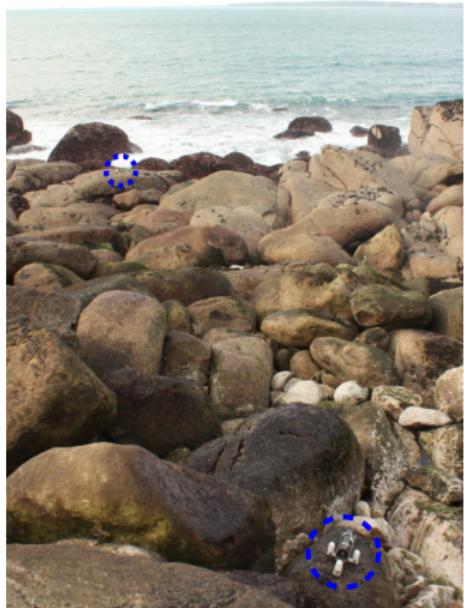
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## 3 Model results

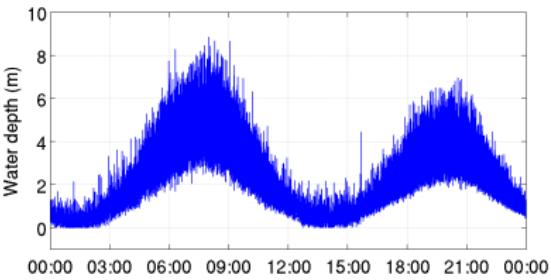
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## 4 Conclusion & Perspectives

*Offshore wave parameters**Offshore elevation time series**Location of instruments**Nearshore elevation time series*

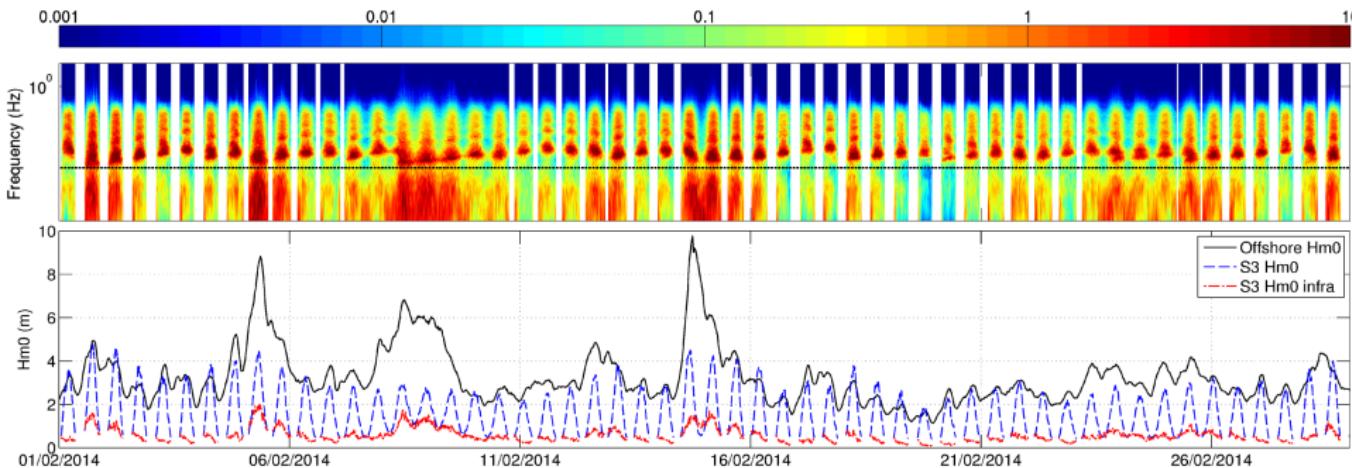


*Location of instruments*

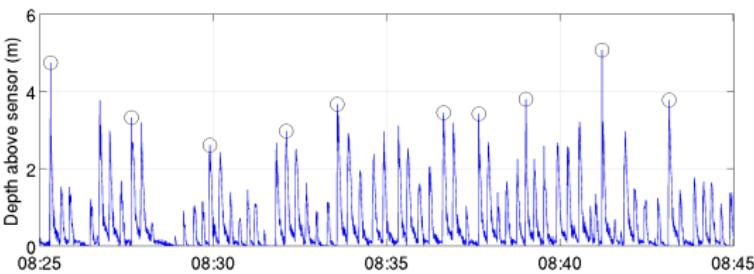
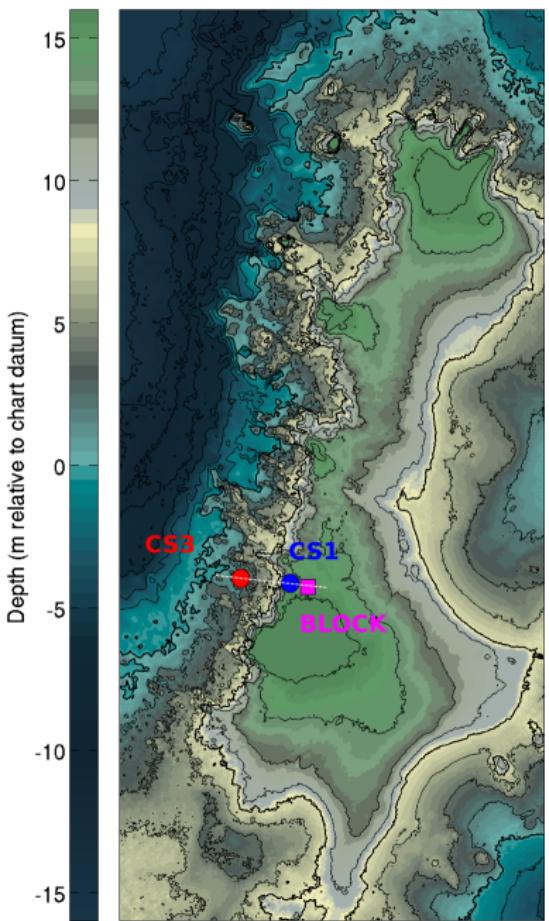


*Nearshore elevation time series*

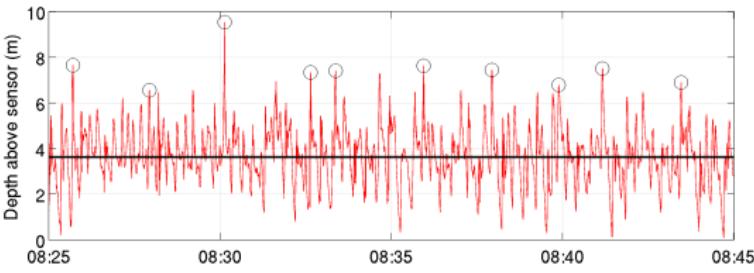
- February 2014 : stormiest month of the year (decade?) with  $Hm0 > 3\text{ m}$  46% of the time and  $Hm0$  over 8 m on February 5 and February 14
- Significant 12-hr modulation of offshore wave parameters
- Strong 12-hr and fortnight modulation of  $Hm0$  in the surfzone
- Very high infragravity energy levels in the surf zone ( $Hm0_{inf}$  up to 2 m)
- Tidal modulation and asymmetry of  $Hm0_{inf}$  in the surfzone



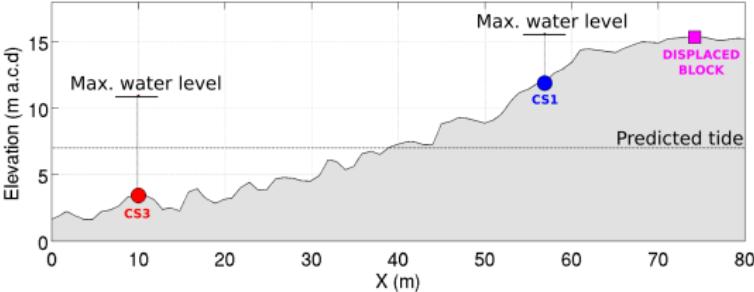
Time-series of spectral density, incident and infragravity  $Hm0$  on February 2014



*Water levels at CS1 on February 5 2014*



*Water levels at CS3 on February 5 2014*



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# SWASH (Simulated WAves till SHore), Zijlema *et al.*, 2011

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial uu}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial wu}{\partial z} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial(p_h + p_{nh})}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \nu^h \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \nu^v \frac{\partial u}{\partial z} \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial w}{\partial t} + \frac{\partial uw}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial ww}{\partial z} = -\frac{1}{\rho} \frac{\partial(p_h + p_{nh})}{\partial z} + \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \nu^h \frac{\partial w}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \left( \nu^v \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} \right) - g$$

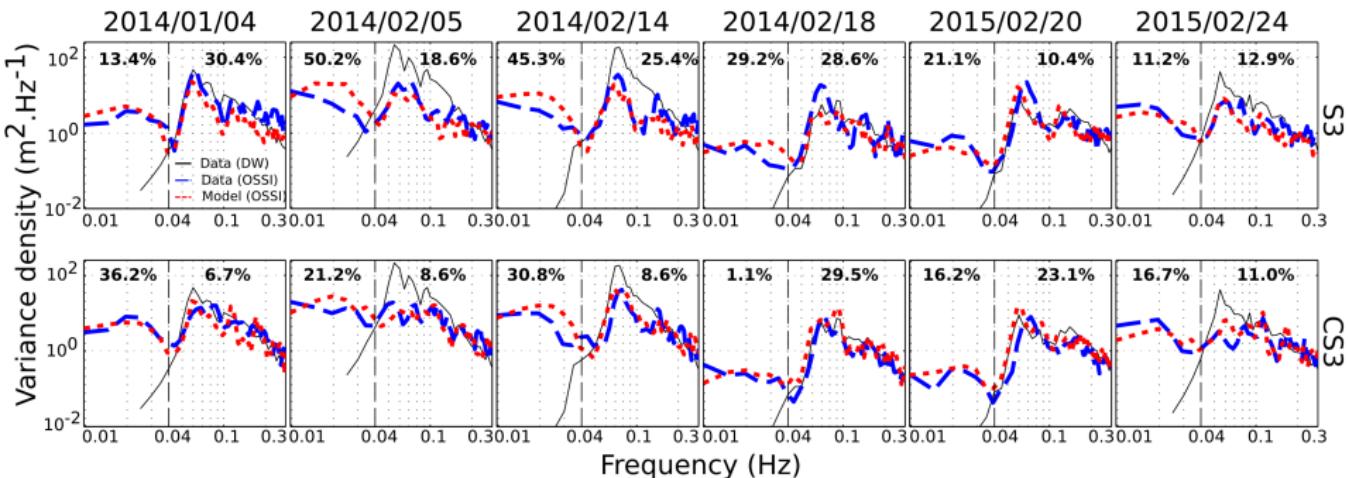
$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial w}{\partial z} = 0$$

## Implementation to Banneg island

- 2DV profiles with 0.5 m resolution, starting in 50 m depth (waverider), intersecting pressure gauges, and ending at the centre of the island
- Two vertical layers (accuracy ok for dispersive effects up to 0.2 Hz)
- Spectral forcing based on waverider observations
- Constant water level estimated from tide gauge observations
- Time step comprised between 0.0015 - 0.006 s (CFL < 0.5)

*Elevation and offshore wave parameters of 6 selected storms*

Date	Elevation (m amsl)	Hm0 (m)	Tp (s)	Direction (°)
2014/01/04	3.7	5.0	16.7	264
2014/02/05	3.1	9.0	18.2	262
2014/02/14	3.0	8.4	13.3	238
2014/02/18	2.6	2.5	11.1	270
2015/02/20	3.9	2.9	16.7	267
2015/02/24	2.6	4.1	18.2	264

*Comparison of modelled and observed wave spectra*

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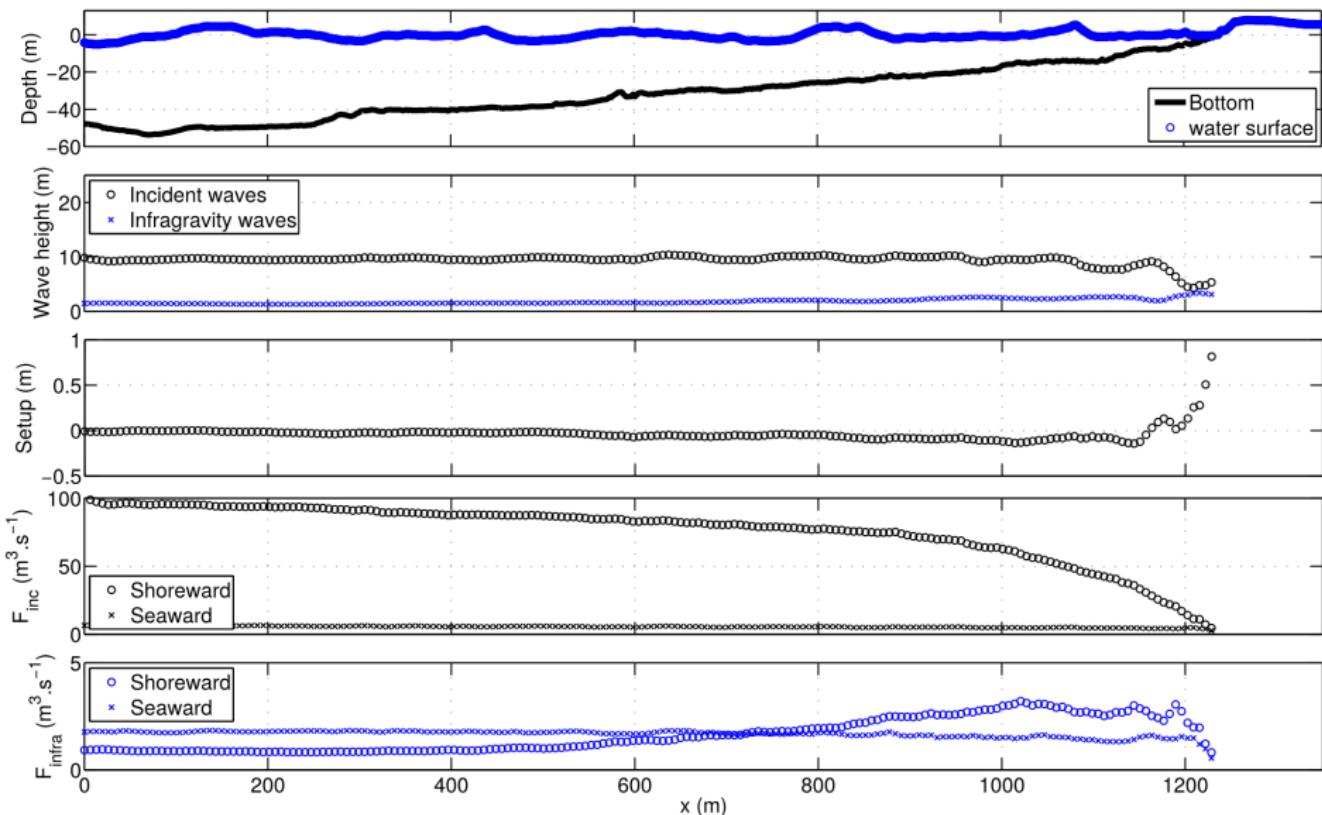
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*Simulated water levels for the conditions of February 5 2014*



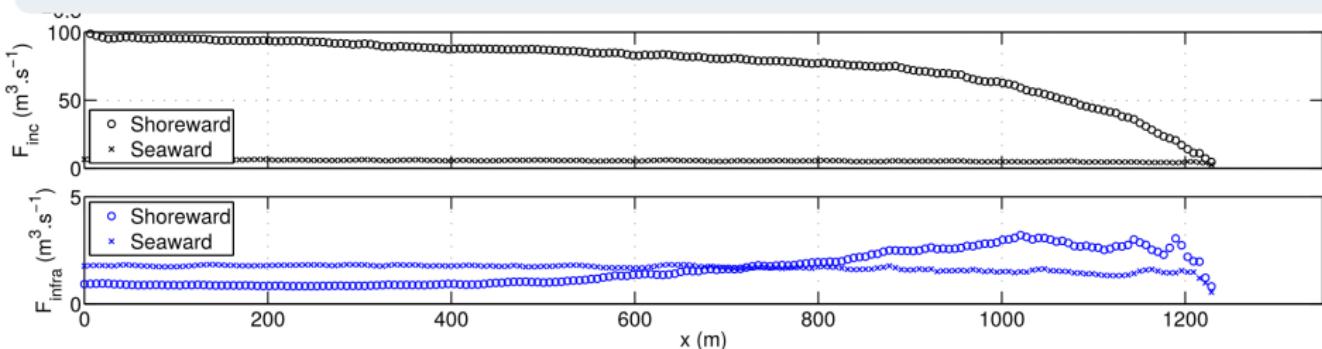
Profiles of water elevation, incident and infragravity wave height, mean water level, shoreward and seaward incident and infragravity energy fluxes

# Shoreward/seaward energy fluxes, Sheremet *et al.*, 2002

$$F^\pm(f, x) = \frac{\sqrt{gh}}{4} \left[ Co_{pp}(f, x) + (h/g) Co_{uu} \pm \left( 2\sqrt{h/g} \right) Co_{pu}(f, x) \right]$$

$$F_{inc}^\pm(x) = \int_{0.04\text{Hz}}^{2.5\text{Hz}} F^\pm(f, x) df$$

$$F_{infra}^\pm(x) = \int_{0.01\text{Hz}}^{0.04\text{Hz}} F^\pm(f, x) df$$



Profiles of water elevation, incident and infragravity wave height, mean water level, shoreward and seaward incident and infragravity energy fluxes

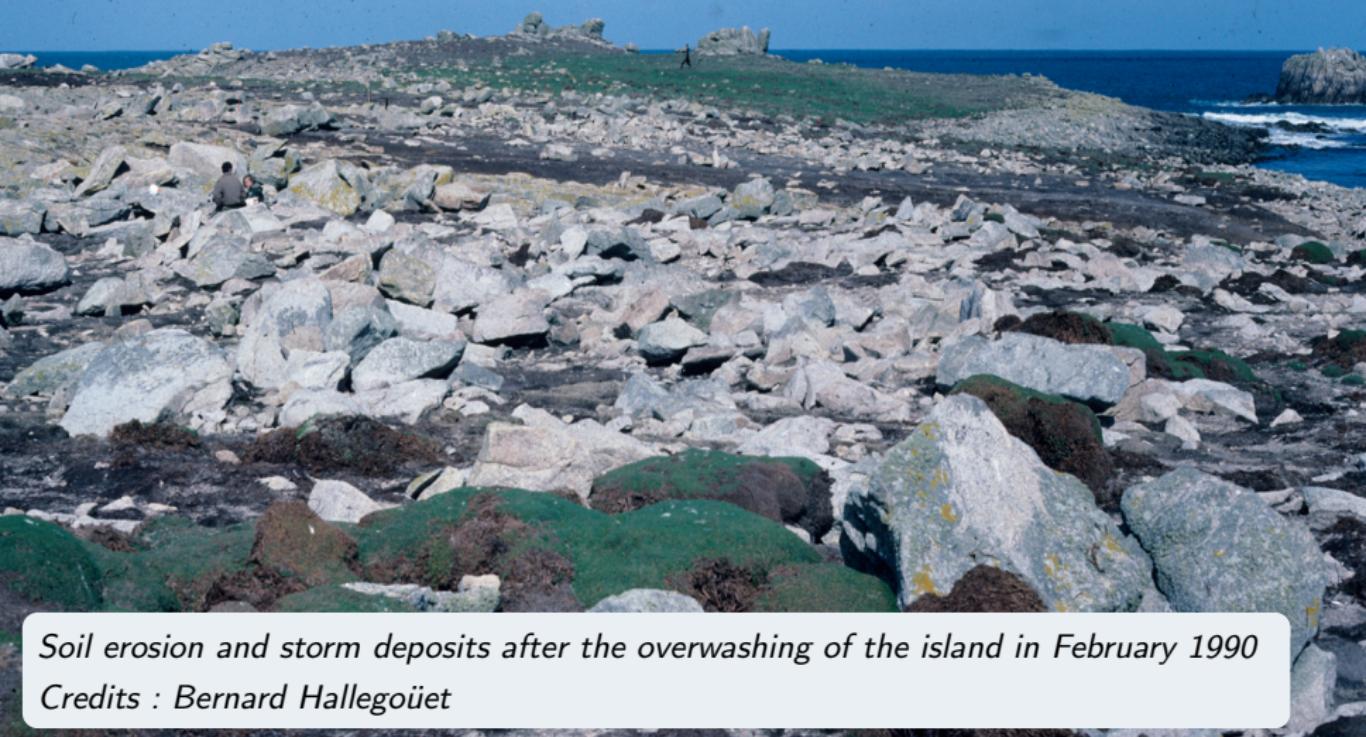
## Conclusion

- Hydrodynamic measurements revealed large waves off Banneg island and potential submersion of the island during winter 2013/14
- The SWASH model was shown to reproduce correctly the wave propagation during episodes of high water levels (wave + tide)
- Episodic submersions of the island were reproduced by the model on February 5 2014
- Infragravity waves were shown to be strongly reflected at the coastline

## Perspectives

- Correlation between hydrodynamic data and geomorphological changes
- 3-D modelling with SWASH
- Infragravity wave dynamics on steep cliffs

# Thank you for your attention !



*Soil erosion and storm deposits after the overwashing of the island in February 1990*

*Credits : Bernard Hallegouët*