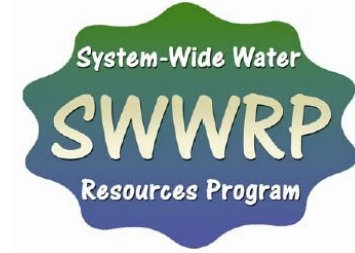
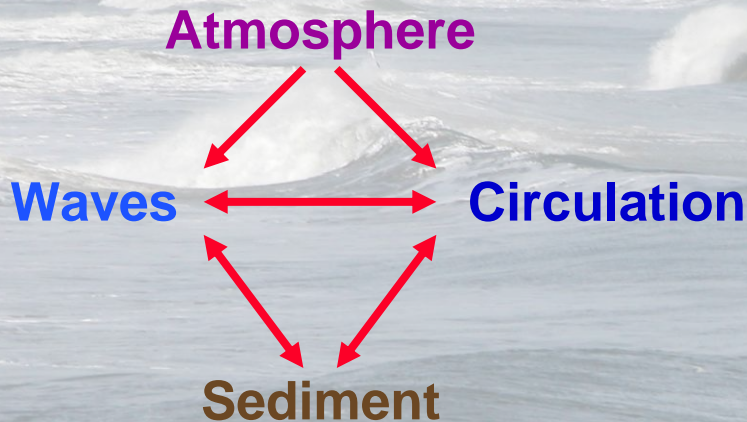


MORPHOS



Advancing Coastal Process Research, Modeling and Risk Assessment



Jeff Hanson

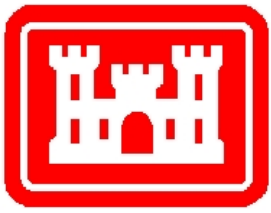
Don Resio

Jane Smith

Rob Wallace

Morphos Project Team

US Army Corps of Engineers
Coastal and Hydraulics Laboratory



Our Coasts at Risk



FL 2004 Hurricane Season:
Beach Erosion

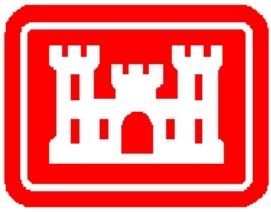


2005 Hurricane Season:
Inundation/Flooding

Issues

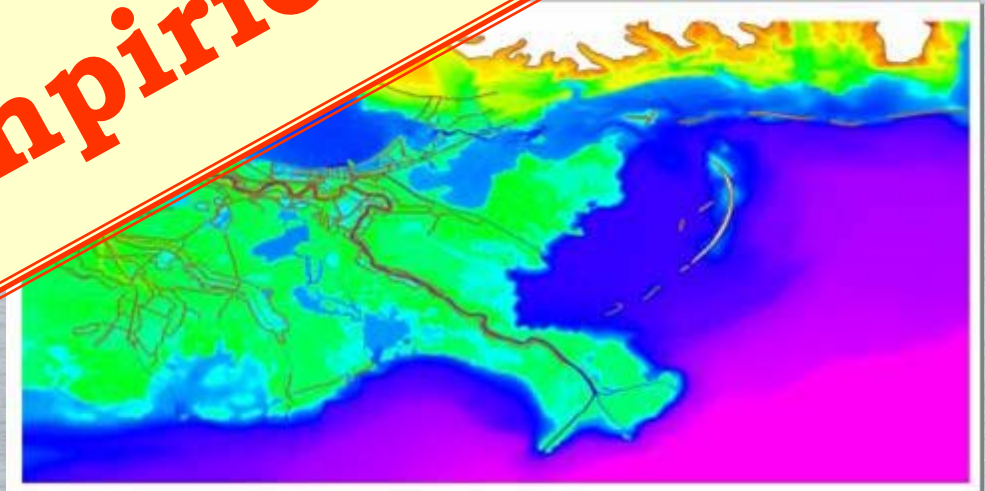
- Developmental Pressure
- Increased Storm Activity
- Wetlands
- Sea Level Rise
- Subsidence

- Modeling Weaknesses Exposed
- Major catastrophes transcend past experience
- Processes exceed range of model tuning

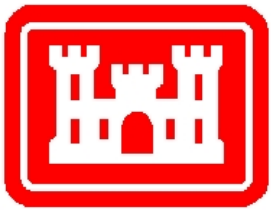


Critical Needs

More Model Physics!
Less Empirical Tuning!!



g system



MORPHOS Mission

Develop, verify and apply a physics based coastal and estuarine simulation and prediction capability with emphasis on storm-driven events

Initial Focus: Nearshore Beach Response

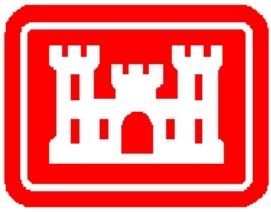
- 3-Year Demonstration Effort
- 2004 FL Hurricane Season Driven

New Focus: Coastal Hazards & Risk

- Fully Integrated Process Models
- Systems Approach
- Coastal Risk – All Environments

Meet Today's Design Needs...
...Face Tomorrows Changing Problems



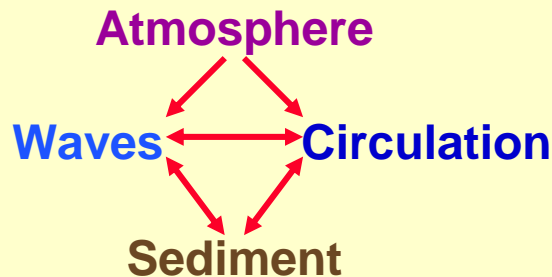


MORPHOS Elements

Community Steering

Research and Development

Coastal Modeling System



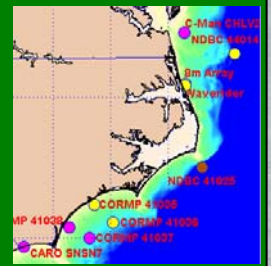
Community Tools

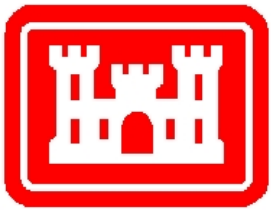
- Risk Assessment
- Project Design
- Event Reconstruction



Test and Evaluation

- Critical Data Sets
- Model Test Bed





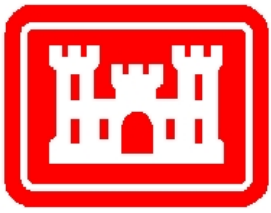
Summary

Basic Morphos Approach:

- A focus on fundamental science
- A community approach to open-source development
- Maintain a strong field program for model testing improvements
- Long range vision for community engineering/design modeling system

Progress:

- New perspectives on winds, waves, surge, morphology and risk
- Significant improvements in model fidelity
- Standardized National methodology for assessing coastal risk and inundation flooding



2007 Project Team

Government Agencies

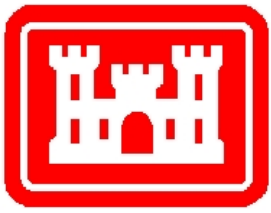
US Army Corps of Engineers
NOAA NCEP, National Weather Service
USGS Woods Hole Science Center

Academic Institutions

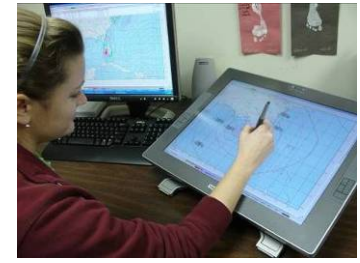
University of North Carolina
University of Delaware
Brigham-Young University
DelftTU

Private Industry

Oceanweather Inc.
Baird and Associates, Inc
Applied Research Associates, Inc.
Non-Linear Waves, Inc.
Risk Engineering, Inc.
Watershed Concepts Inc
Waves and Solitons, LLC
Alkyon Hydraulic Consultancy & Research
Woolpert, Inc.



Climate/Risk

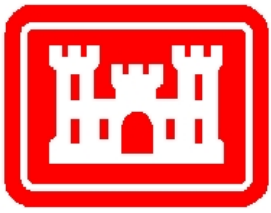


- Role of Climate Variability in Coastal Risk
 - Over past 40 years, short active periods produce all major storms
 - Correlation with principal components of atmospheric forcing and SST
- Joint Probability Method for Hurricane Risk Assessment
 - Not tied to short historical record
 - Probabilistic description of storm features at or near landfall
 - Can incorporate uncertainty due to climate variability and other factors
 - Optimal storm selection with manageable sample sizes

Probability Set

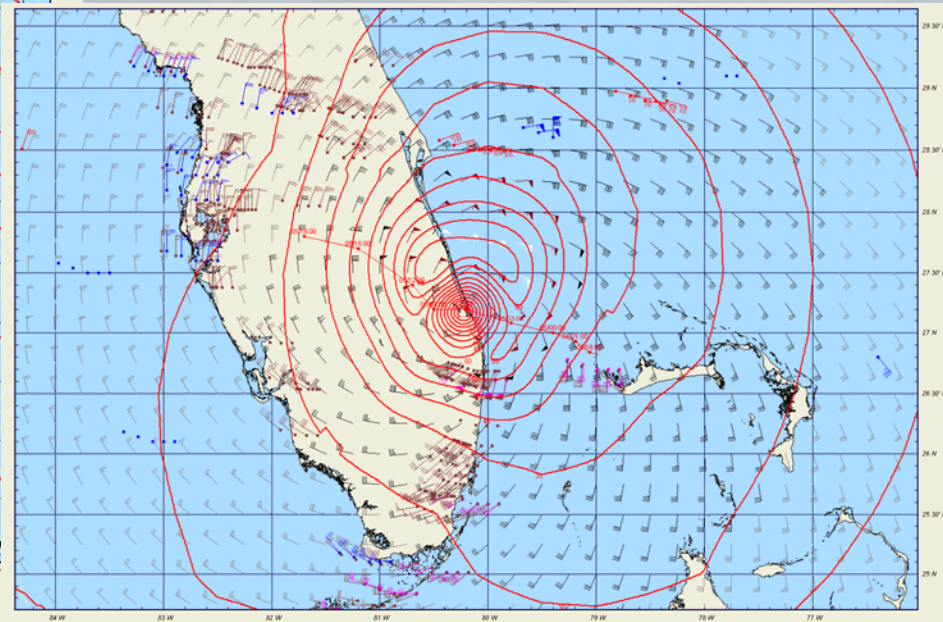
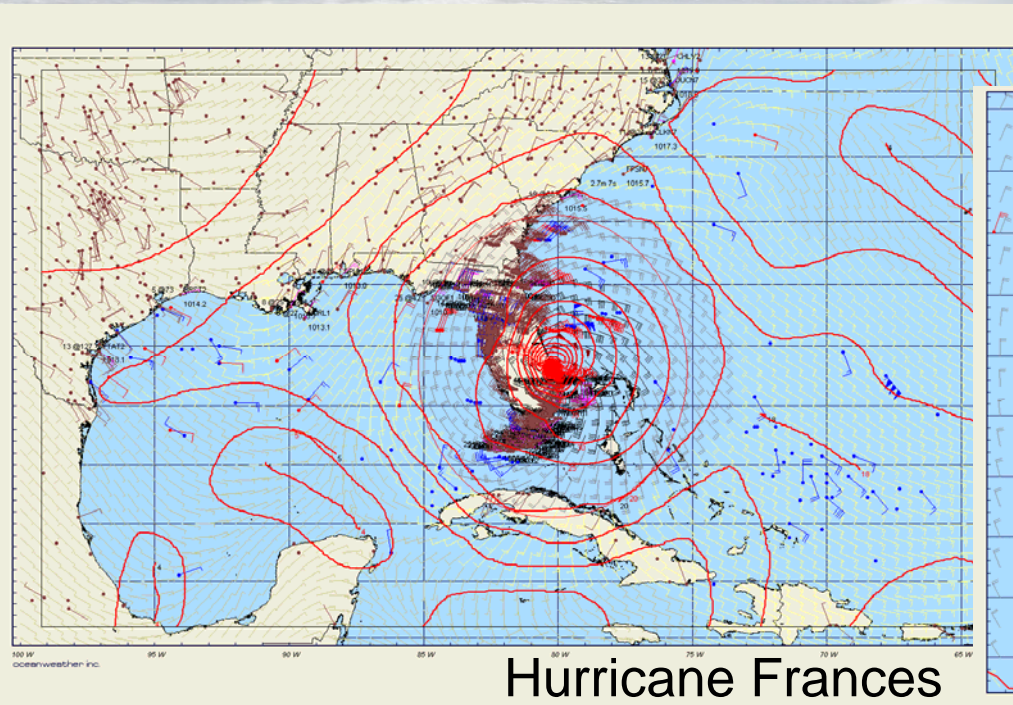
$$\eta = \eta(\Delta p, R_p, \alpha, x - x_0 \mid \bar{B}, \bar{V}_f, \langle \dot{W} \rangle) + \varepsilon(\delta B, \delta V_f, \delta \dot{W}, \text{tide}, e_m, e_w)$$

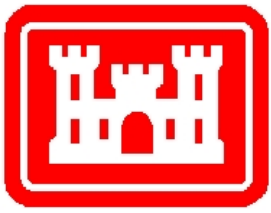
Storm Characteristics + Secondary Variables (wind errors, tides, etc)



Meteorology

- Prediction accuracy absolutely dependant on quality of driving winds
- Hurricane Model Advances - Boundary layer height, land-falling wind effects
- Interactive Objective Kinematic Analysis (IOKA) for careful reconstruction
- Produced FL 2004 Hurricane Wind Fields

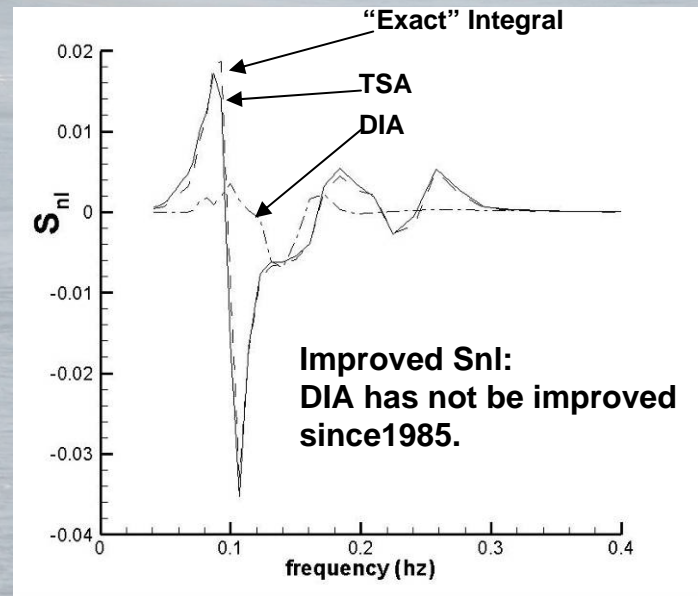


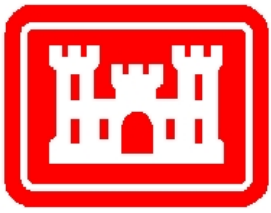


Waves

- Shallow Water Source Terms
- Nearshore bottom friction and diffraction
- Semi-Lagrangian wave propagation
- Kinetic Boussinesq equation for arbitrary depths

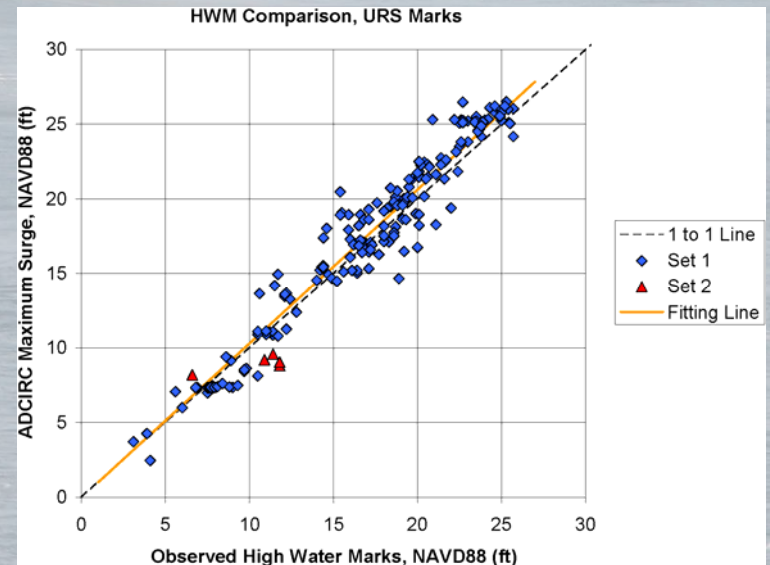
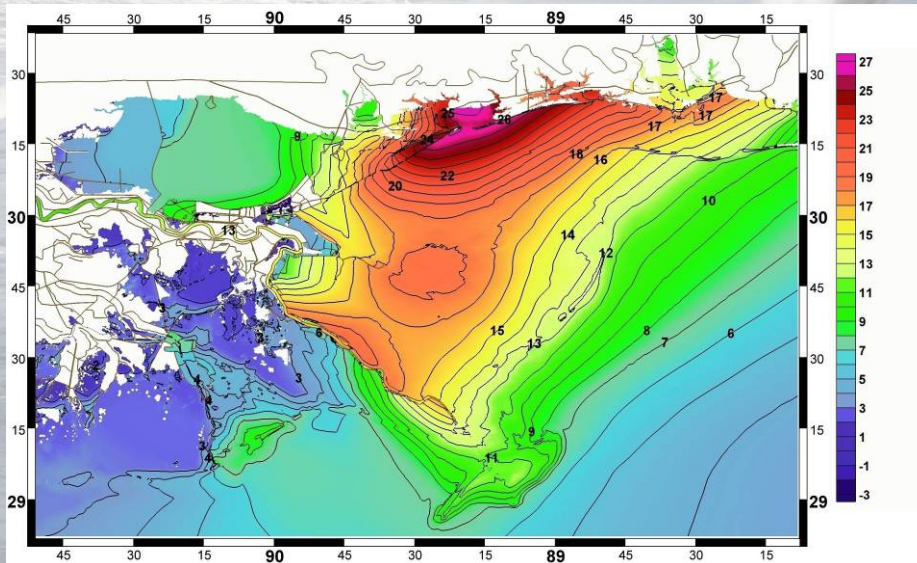
$$\frac{D(f, \theta)}{Dt} = \sum_k S_k(f, \theta) = \text{wind} + S_{nl} + \text{dissipation}$$



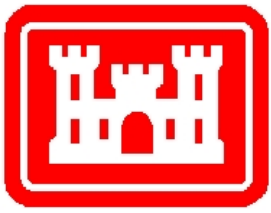


Currents/Storm Surge

- ADCIRC 2D and 3D Model Developments for Storm Surge Simulations
- Optimizing parallel efficiency of Discontinuous Galerkin (DG) approach
- Robust Wetting/Drying
- Generic serial/parallel dynamic wave coupler



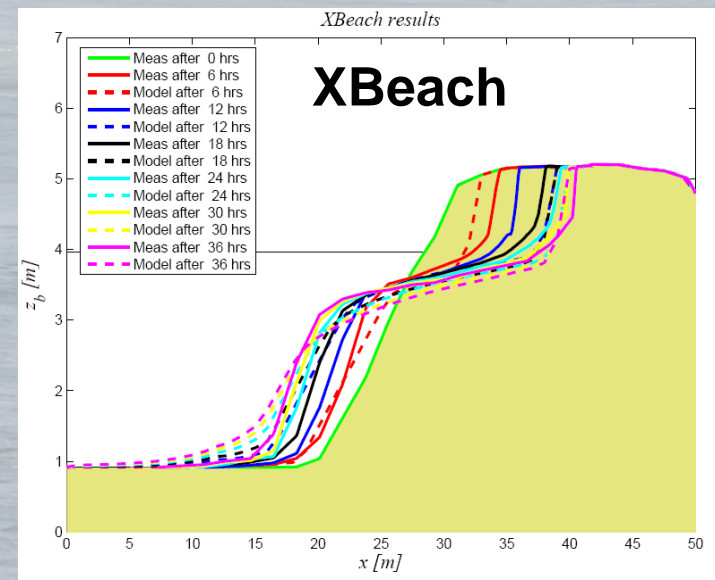
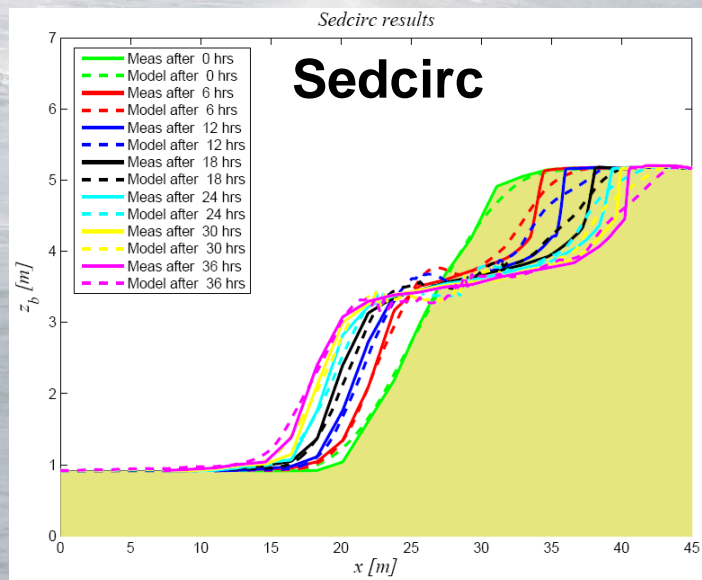
Hurricane Katrina Storm Surge

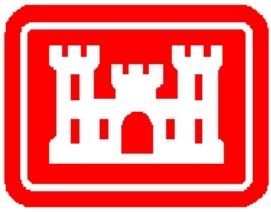


Sediment/Morphology

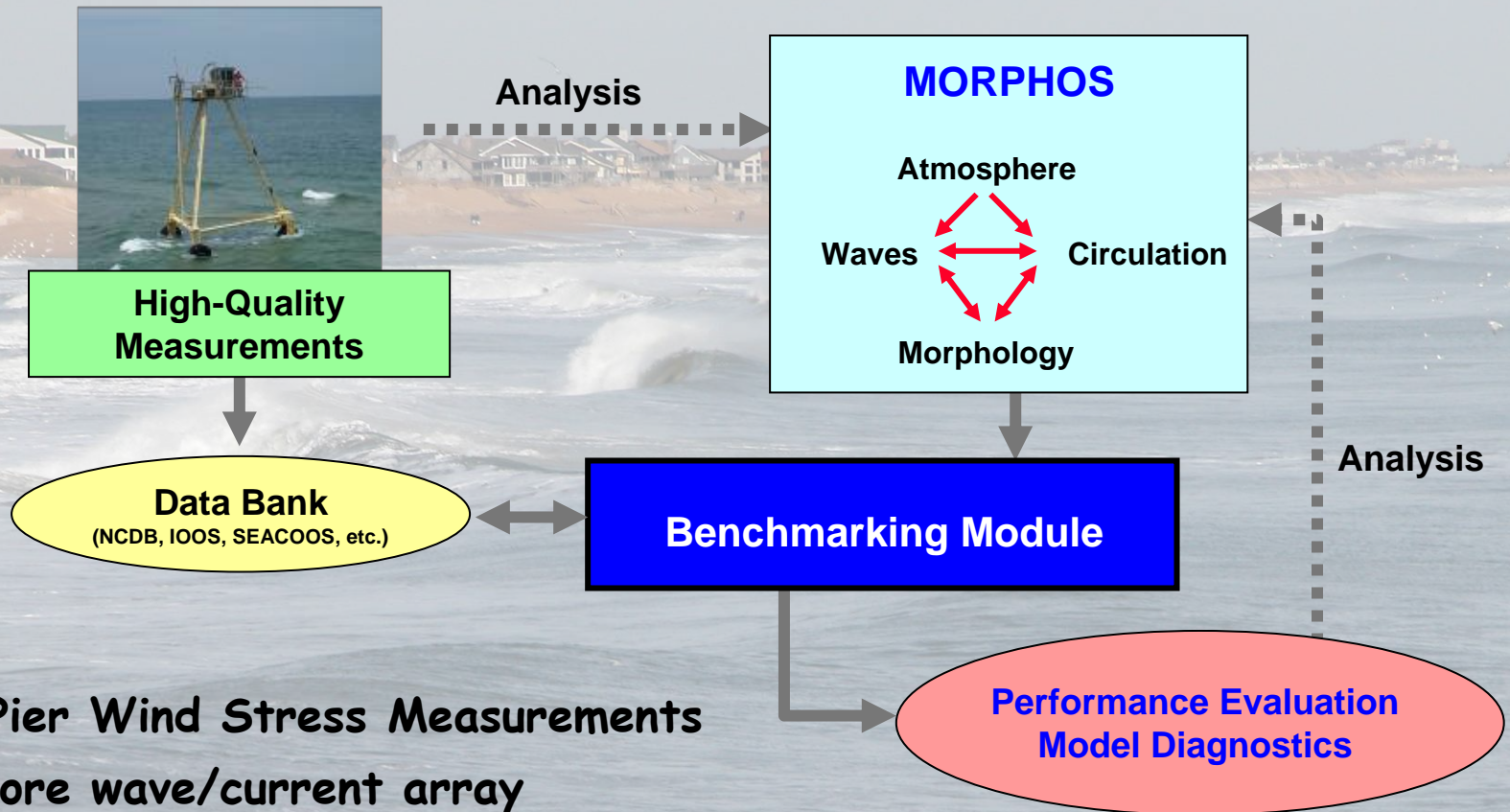
- Nearshore morphology module, forced at ~10-m depth
- New Algorithms for X-Shore Beach Morphology: Sedcirc and XBeach
- Coupled Wind/Wave/Current/Sediment Simulations

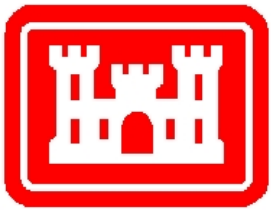
Laboratory Tests





Test and Evaluation





System Integration

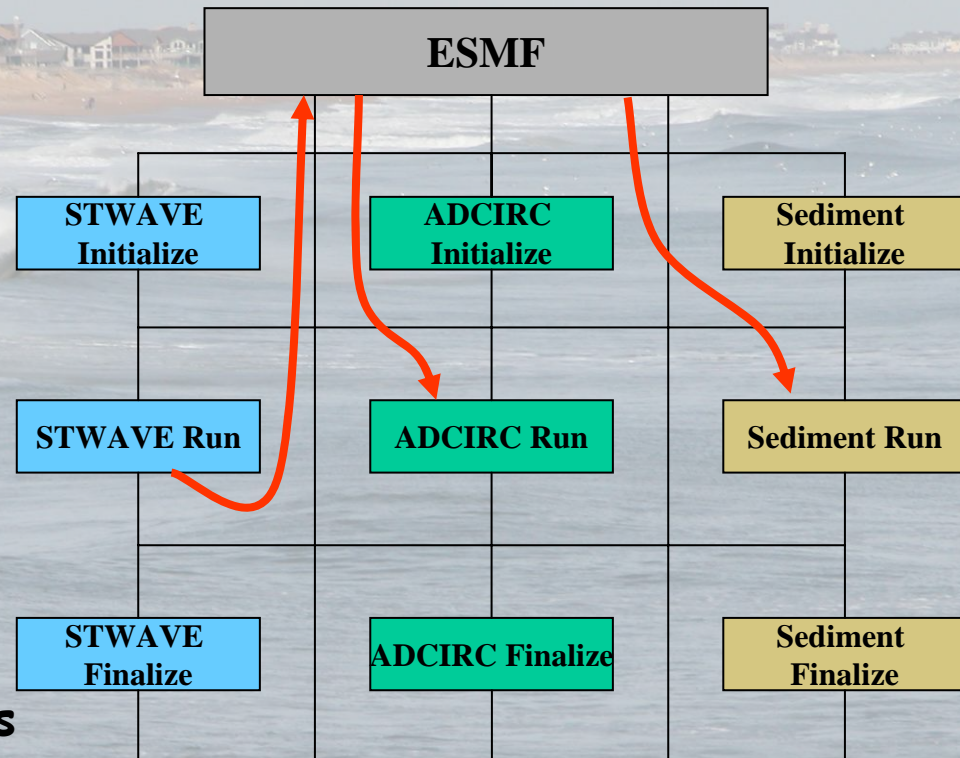
Separate Configurations are Envisioned
for Model Developers and End Users

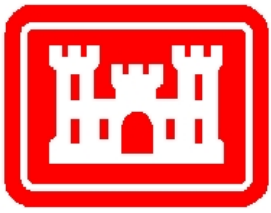
Developers System - in Progress

- Robust FORTRAN Coupling
- User Control of Configurations
- SMS Grid Generation / Displays

Community System -Details TBD

- HPC-based Coupling Environment
- Convenient User Interface
- Focus on End-User Application Tools
- Extensive Documentation and Training Aids

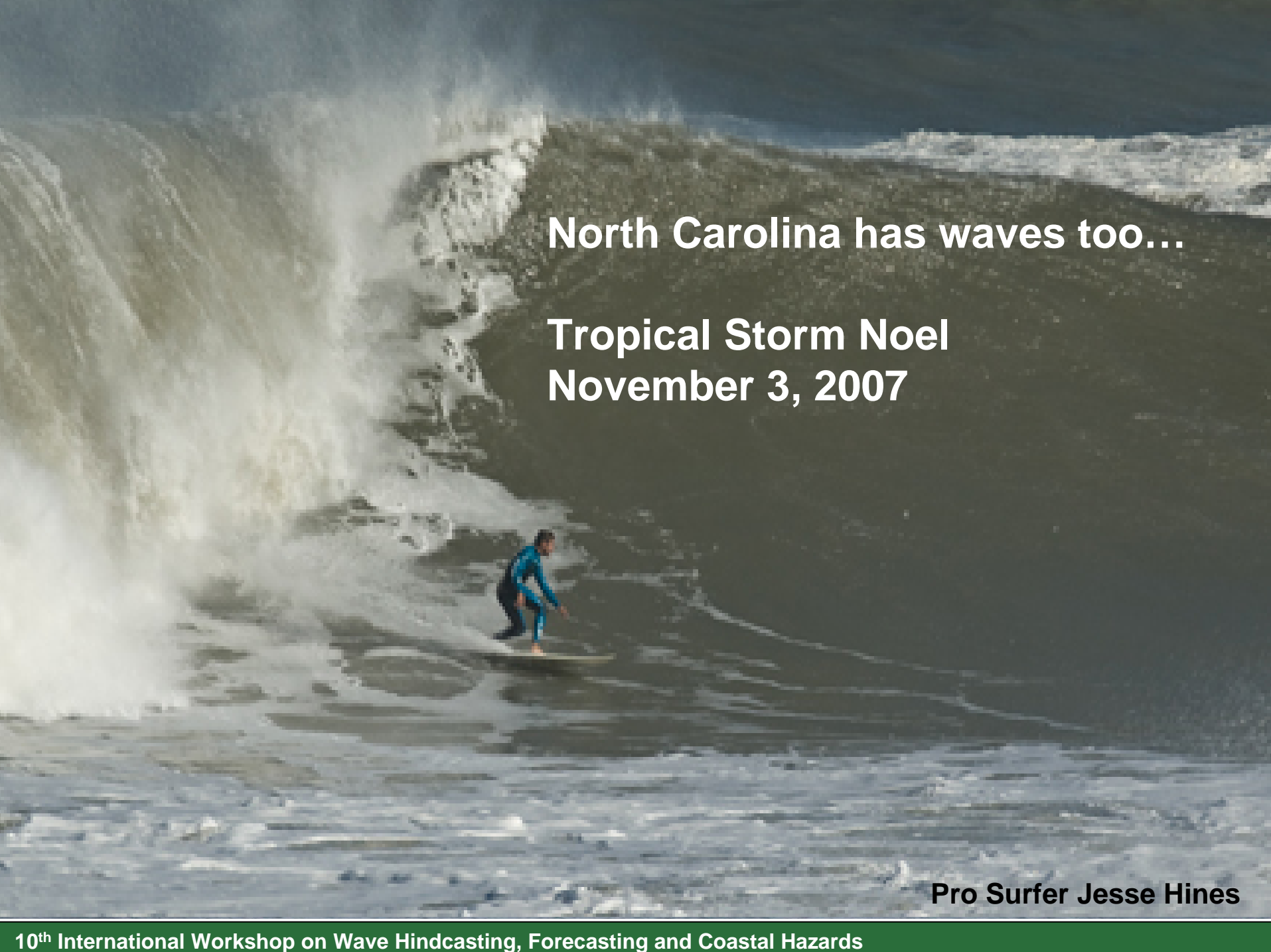




MORPHOS Presence

MORPHOS Technology Advancements have had a Significant Impact in many Applications

- Hurricane Katrina IPET Reconstruction
- Louisiana Coastal Protection & Restoration Program
- North Carolina Floodplain Mapping (State Program)
- USACE Wave Information Studies Program (WIS)
- NOAA/NWS Operational Wave Modeling
- FEMA Chesapeake Bay Floodplain Mapping (FEMA)
- NOAA Integrated Ocean Observing System Program



North Carolina has waves too...

**Tropical Storm Noel
November 3, 2007**

Pro Surfer Jesse Hines